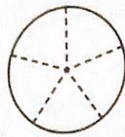
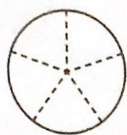
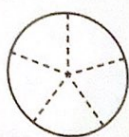


Fractions as division 1

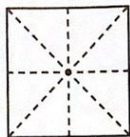
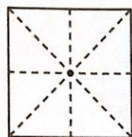
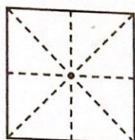
- 1 a) Richard has 4 cakes to share between 5 tables. How much cake is there for each table?



$$4 \div 5 = \frac{4}{5}$$

There is $\frac{4}{5}$ of a cake for each table.

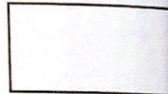
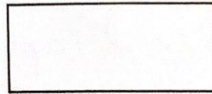
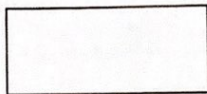
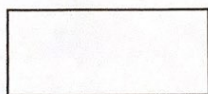
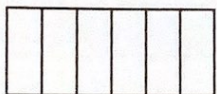
- b) Isla has 3 pies to share between 8 plates. How much pie is there for each plate?



$$3 \div 8 = \frac{3}{8}$$

There is $\frac{3}{8}$ of a pie for each table.

- c) Aki shares 5 kg strawberries between 6 bowls. What weight of strawberries is in each bowl?



$$5 \div 6 = \frac{5}{6} \text{ There is } \frac{5}{6} \text{ kg of strawberries in each bowl}$$

- 2 Complete each statement.

a) $1 \div 5 = \frac{1}{5}$

c) $3 \div 5 = \frac{3}{5}$

e) $\frac{4}{11} = 4 \div 11$


b) $2 \div 5 = \frac{2}{5}$

d) $3 \div 10 = \frac{3}{10}$

f) $8 \div 9 = \frac{8}{9}$


- 3 a) Amelia has 3 m of ribbon. She cuts it into 8 equal lengths.

How long is each length?

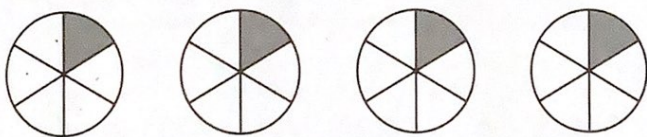
 $3 \div 8 = \frac{3}{8}$ each length is $\frac{3}{8}$ m long.

- b) Ebo has 4 m of ribbon. He cuts it into 8 equal lengths.

How long is each length?

 $4 \div 8 = \frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$ Each length is $\frac{4}{8}$ m long or $\frac{1}{2}$ m.

- 4 Emma says, 'This shows that $4 \div 6 = \frac{4}{24}$.'



Explain her mistake.

Each circle shows $\frac{1}{6}$ so her diagram shows $1 \div 6 = \frac{1}{6}$.
 $4 \div 6 = \frac{4}{6}$.

- 5 Match each division with the correct fraction.

$\frac{2}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{3}{9} = \frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{10} = \frac{2}{20}$ $\frac{4}{10} = \frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{4}{20} = \frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{12}$

2 ÷ 8 3 ÷ 9 1 ÷ 10 4 ÷ 10 4 ÷ 20 3 ÷ 4

$\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{9}{12}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{2}{20}$ $\frac{1}{4}$

Multiples of 6 = 6, 12, 18, 24

6 a) 5 litres fill 6 glasses.

 $\frac{5}{6}$ 

18 = lowest common multiple of 6 and 9.

Multiples of 9 = 9, 18, 27

6 litres fill 9 glasses.



CHALLENGE

Which glasses are bigger? Explain your answer fully.

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{15}{18}$$

($\times 3$ on top, $\div 3$ on bottom)

$$\frac{6}{9} = \frac{12}{18}$$

($\times 2$ on top, $\div 3$ on bottom)

$$\frac{15}{18} > \frac{12}{18}$$

so $\frac{5}{6} > \frac{6}{9}$ so the first glasses are bigger.

b) 8 litres fill 20 red watering cans. 12 litres fill 30 blue watering cans. Which watering cans are larger?

$$\text{R } \frac{8}{20}$$

$$\text{B } \frac{12}{30}$$

$$\frac{8}{20} = \frac{2}{5}$$

($\div 4$ on top, $\div 4$ on bottom)

$$\frac{12}{30} = \frac{2}{5}$$

($\div 6$ on top, $\div 6$ on bottom)

Both watering cans hold $\frac{2}{5}$ litres so they are equal in size.

Reflect

Explain the relationship between $3 \div 8$ and $\frac{3}{8}$ using what you have learnt in this lesson.

- The calculation $3 \div 8$ is = to $\frac{3}{8}$.